# **REMARKS**

Claims 1, 15, 21, 24 and 41 have been amended. New claim 69 has been added. Claims 1, 3-7, 10-21, 23-27, 30-41, 43-47, 50-66, and 68-69 are presented for examination.

Applicants reserve all rights with respect to the applicability of the Doctrine of Equivalence.

### **Examiner Interview**

The Applicants thank the Examiner for the courtesy of a telephone interview on April 26, 2006, in which Applicants argued that Aragaki does not disclose header information identifying individual bit planes.

## Claim Rejections under 35 U.S.C. §103(a)

#### Claims 1, 3-7, 10-20

Examiner rejected claims 1, 3-7, 10-20 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,154,493 issued to Acharya, et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 4,992,887 issued to Aragaki and further in view of U.S. Patent 6,202,060 issued to Tran.

Claim 1, as amended, recites:

In a digital imaging system, a method for distributed digital image processing, the method comprising:

recording luminosity information at a first device, for representing an image that has been digitally captured at the first device;

without performing color interpolation at the first device, generating compressed luminosity information at the first device by applying a wavelet transform compression to individual color planes that comprise the luminosity information, followed by applying quantization and compression to the luminosity information;

packaging said compressed luminosity information with header information identifying the individual color planes;

transmitting said compressed luminosity information to a second device;

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restoring said luminosity information from said compressed luminosity information at the second device; and

converting said luminosity information at the second device into a color image, including performing color interpolation at the second device.

(Emphasis Added). Applicant respectfully submits that Acharya, Aragaki and Tran, either individually or in combination do not teach or suggest header information identifying the individual color planes.

The Examiner agrees with the Applicant's contention that Acharya does not teach or suggest a header identifying the individual color plane data comprising the compressed luminosity information. (Office Action dated 12/29/05, page 5, lines 3-4).

The Examiner however states that Aragaki's "file header includes size of reduced image LRX, LRY, which includes compressed image data in serial order of bit planes." (Office Action, dated 12/29/05, page 5, lines 7-9). Therefore, the Examiner argues, that "it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device in Acharya ('493) by the teaching in order to store a file header in the image data" and that doing so "saves times in searching and retrieving image data." (Office Action dated 12/29/05, page 5, lines 9-12).

Applicant respectfully disagrees. As shown in Figure 4A, Aragaki discloses that an image file includes a file header. The file header includes a value (LRY) expressing the size of a reduced-and-compressed image in a sub-scanning direction, and a value (LRX+LRY) indicating the total amount of the reduced-and-compressed image data. (Aragaki, Figure 4B; col. 4, lines 18-22; col. 7, lines 57-67 to col. 8, lines 1-9). Thus, Aragaki's file header includes data values indicating image size and amount of data, and does not include information identifying the individual color planes that comprise the luminosity information. Thus, Aragaki does not teach or suggest header information, as recited in claim 1.

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Tran discusses a data management system, including a portable computer. Tran does not teach or suggest packaging compressed luminosity information with header information identifying the individual color planes that comprise the luminosity information.

Furthermore, the Applicant objects to the combination of Acharya, Aragaki, and Tran.

The Office Action has provided inadequate motivation to combine the cited references under 35

USC § 103. The motivational reason given to combine Acharya and Aragaki was that the

combination "saves times in searching and retrieving image data." (Office Action, page 5, lines

9-12). However, packing compressed luminosity information with header information does not
save time in searching and retrieving image data. Furthermore, the office action cites no hints or
suggestions in either reference that actually suggests the combination of these two references.

The applicant requests a specific citing of facts to establish a prima facie case of obviousness by
a preponderance of the evidence under 35 USC § 103.

Therefore, claim 1, and claims 3-7, 10-20 that depend from it, are not obvious over Acharya, Aragaki, and Tran.

#### Claims 21, 23-27, 30-40

Examiner rejected claims 21, 23-27, 30-40 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Acharya in view of Aragaki and further in view of Tran.

Claim 21, as amended, recites:

In a digital imaging system, a method for deferring digital image processing, the method comprising:

recording sensor information from an image sensor at a first device, for representing an image that has been recorded at the image sensor of the first device;

compressing said sensor information prior to color processing by applying a transformation compression to individual color planes that comprise the sensor information, for generating compressed sensor information at the first device;

packaging said compressed sensor information with header information identifying the individual color planes;

without having performed color processing at the first device, transmitting said compressed sensor information to a second device; and

decompressing said compressed sensor information at the second device, whereupon said sensor information may thereafter be processed into a color image.

(Emphasis Added). As discussed above, none of Acharya, Aragaki and Tran teaches or suggests header information identifying the individual color planes that comprise the sensor information. Therefore, Applicants respectfully submit that claim 21, and claims 23-27, 30-40 that depend from it, are not obvious over the cited combination.

## Claims 41, 43-47, 50-68

Examiner rejected claims 41, 43-47, 50-68 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Acharya, et al. in view of Tran.

Claim 41, as amended, recites:

An imaging system providing deferred image processing, the system comprising:

an imager having a sensor for recording luminosity information for a visual image captured by the imager, said luminosity information comprising luminosity values recorded by the sensor;

a compressor module for compressing said luminosity information by applying a transformation compression to all individual color planes that comprise the luminosity information, for generating compressed luminosity information at the imager without having performed color processing, wherein the compressed luminosity information is packaged into a bit stream with header information identifying the individual color planes that comprise the luminosity information;

a wireless communication link for transmitting said compressed luminosity information to a target device; and

a decompression module for decompressing said compressed luminosity information at the target device, whereupon said sensor information may thereafter be processed into a color image.

(Emphasis Added). As discussed earlier, none of Acharya, Aragaki and Tran teaches or suggests header information identifying the individual color planes that comprise the luminosity

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information.

Therefore, claim 41, and claims 43-47, 50-68, which depend on it, are not obvious over

Acharya and Tran.

New Claim 69

Applicant respectfully submits claim 69 is allowable for at least the reasons set forth

above for claim 1. Newly added claim 69 furthermore includes the limitation that color

interpolation is deferred to the second device, which the Examiner suggested in the telephone

conference would be considered novel.

**SUMMARY** 

In view of the foregoing amendments and remarks, Applicants respectfully submit that all

pending claims are in condition for allowance. Such allowance is respectfully requested.

If the Examiner finds any remaining impediment to the prompt allowance of these claims

that could be clarified with a telephone conference, the Examiner is respectfully requested to

contact Judith A. Szepesi at (408) 720-8300.

If there are any additional charges, please charge Deposit Account No. 02-2666.

Respectfully submitted,

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Date: May 1, 2006

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